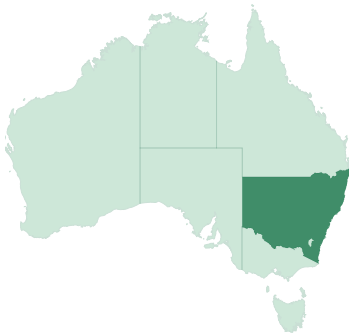


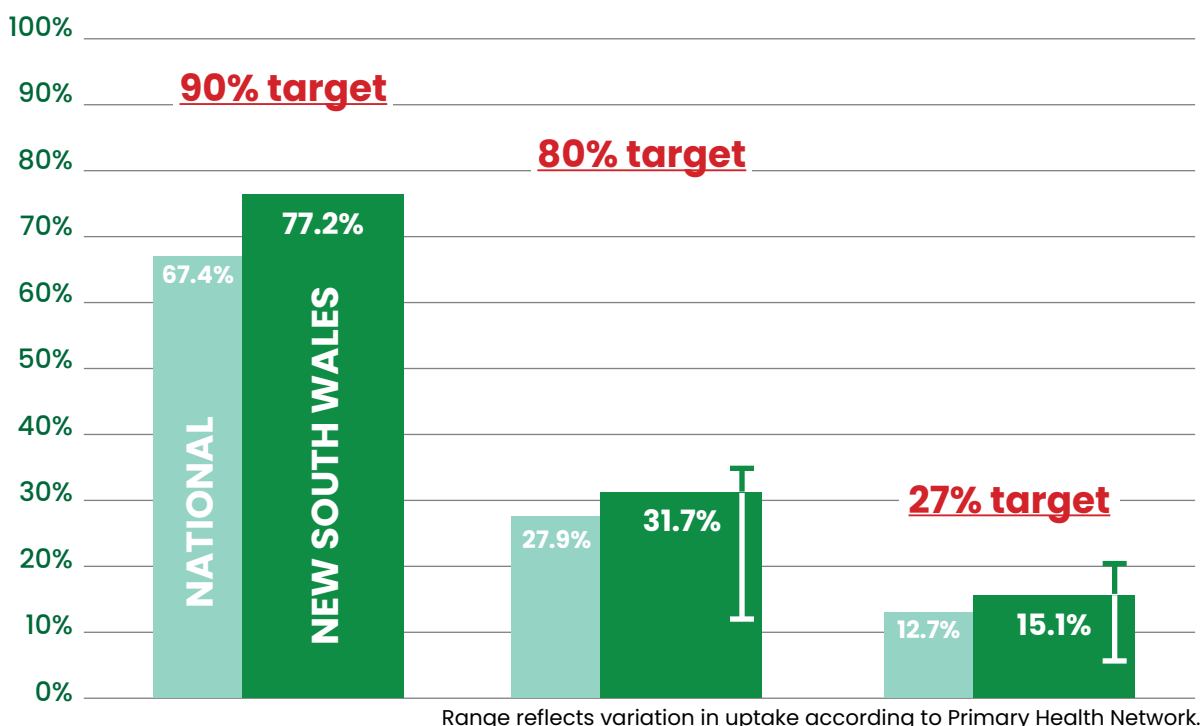
Hepatitis B: Current Data Snapshot:

NEW SOUTH WALES



- An estimated **79,898 people** were living with hepatitis B in NSW in 2024, or **0.94%** of the population.
- The most common **countries of birth** for those affected are China, Vietnam, Philippines, Hong Kong, and South Korea.
- The **most common languages** spoken by those affected are Mandarin, Vietnamese, Cantonese, Tagalog / Filipino, and Arabic.

Diagnosis, treatment and care uptake were below target levels in Australia and in NSW in 2024:



DIAGNOSIS

Hepatitis B diagnostic testing has declined in many priority populations in NSW.

CARE UPTAKE

Most people in NSW have had hepatitis B care in the past but many have been lost to follow up and require re-engagement.

TREATMENT UPTAKE

It is estimated that **1,958 lives** have been saved in NSW due to hepatitis B treatment since 2000 – further scale up would avert additional mortality.



Data snapshots for other states and territories, here

- Infant immunisation coverage in NSW is close to the **95% target** level, at **93.8% of children**.
- There are **gaps in data** regarding interventions to prevent mother to child transmission, including the coverage of hepatitis B care during pregnancy, but birth dose coverage is estimated to be high, at **90.5%**.